# CS 428 THE MYTHICAL MAN-MONTH Chapters 16-19

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## Ch 16: No Silver bullet – Essence and Accident in Software Engineering (1986)

- Probably one of the single most important essays ever written about information technology
  - Core argument: "Building software will always be hard. There is inherently no silver bullet [to slay the monsters of software development]."
- Four inescapable essential difficulties in software development
  - Complexity: increases non-linearly with program size, both technically and managerially
  - ► Conformity: code must "work with" its ever-more-complex environment
  - Changeability: constant pressure to improve or fix existing systems
  - Invisibility: software is extremely hard to inspect and examine (vs., say, a building)

#### Ch 16: No Silver bullet (cont.)

- Things that do help
  - ▶ Buy vs. build
    - Buy and adapt (or adapt to) an existing solution that someone else had built and maintains
  - Requirements refinement and rapid prototyping
    - "...it is really impossible for clients, even those working with software engineers, to specify completely, precisely, and correctly the exact requirements of a modern software product before having built and tried some versions of the product they are specifying."
  - Incremental development
    - "A large, complex system that works is inevitably found to have evolved from a small, simply system that works." – John Gall, Infomatics
  - Great designers
    - ▶ "The very best designers produce structures that are faster, smaller, simpler, cleaners, and produced with less effort. . . . Those software systems that have excited passionate fans are the products of one or a few designing minds, great designers."
- Analysis and observations?

#### Ch 17: "No Silver Bullet" Refired

- "I can't help noticing that the nostrums published so vigorously in 1986 and 1987 have not had the dramatic effects claimed."
- Brad Cox in 1990: "The reusable, interchangeable component approach [is] an attack on the conceptual essence of the problem." This lead to the 'reuse' push of the 1990s, which failed utterly.
- David Harel in 1992 offers "The Vanilla Framework". Ever heard of it?
- Object-oriented development: also another brass slug (hence my book Pitfalls of Object-Oriented Development [1995])
- Brooks says his analysis stands; 30 years later, I agree with him.
- Analysis and observations?

### Ch 18: Propositions of The Mythical Man-Month: True or False?

Hint: this chapter is a great cheat-sheet for the open-book midterm

#### Ch 19: The Mythical Man-Month after 20 years

- Why has The Mythical Man-Month persisted? Again, me before Congress in 1998:
  - ▶ "Fred Brooks explored many of the root causes [of IT project failure] over twenty [now over forty] years ago in *The Mythical Man-Month*, a classic book that could be regarded as the Bible of information technology because it is
    - universally known,
    - often quoted,
    - occasionally read,
    - ▶ and rarely heeded."

## Ch 19: The Mythical Man-Month after 20 years (Cont.)

- Brooks sees his central argument not about scheduling or staffing, but rather about conceptual integrity and the need for a chief architect
- Second-system effect: define the set of users:
  - Who they are
  - What they need
  - What they think they need
  - What they want
  - "It is far better to be explicit and wrong than to be vague." [Why?]
- ► Triumph of the WIMP interface, which Brooks sees as eventually being replaced by voice (I disagree)

## Ch 19: The Mythical Man-Month after 20 years (Cont.)

- "Build one to throw away" as we discussed, Brooks abandoned this in favor of iterative development – but most 'waterfall' is iterative these days as well
- Brooks acknowledges his fault in rejecting information hiding and now sees it as essential
- ► The mythical man-month: Boehm shows that "hardly any projects succeed in less than ¾ of the calculated optimal schedule, regardless of the number of people applied."
- Brooks Law: yes, there are cases where adding people can help but "I stand by the bald statement as the best zeroeth-order approximation of the truth, a rule of thumb to warn managers against blindly making the instinctive fix to a late project."

## Ch 19: The Mythical Man-Month after 20 years (Cont.)

- People are everything (well, almost everything)
  - Cites Peopleware by DeMarco & Lister (your next book to read)
  - ▶ Boehm's studies: "the quality of the team is by far the largest factor in its success, indeed four times more potent than the next largest factor."
- The power of giving up power
  - Effective software management means building teams and letting them succeed
- ▶ The biggest surprises?
  - Millions [really billions] of computers [and now mobile devices]
  - Massive amounts of shrinkwrap software (and now apps)
  - Note: he talks about 4G languages like Hypercard, which again have failed to pan out